

Task Title: Analyzing Research in Psychology

OALCF Cover Sheet - Practitioner Copy

Learner Name:				
Date Started:				
Date Completed:				
Successful Completion Goal Path: Secondary School	Employment Post Secondary	Apprenticeship Independence		
Task Description:				
Learner will read and crit	ically analyze a research	paper (journal article).		

Main Competency/Task Group/Level Indicator:

- Find and Use Information/Read continuous text/A1.3
- Communicate Ideas and Information/Write continuous text/B2.3
- Use Digital Technology/D.1

Materials Required:

- Computer with internet access and web browser
- Pen and Paper

Learner Information

Many first-year college or university students take an introductory psychology course as an elective. One of the main assignments in these courses is to critically analyse a research paper (journal article).

Step one: Visit the **Public Library of Science (PLOS One) website**: https://journals.plos.org/plosone/browse/psychology

Step two: Find the following article: Experiencing more meaningful coincidences is associated with more real-life creativity? Insights from three empirical studies

Work Sheet

Task 1: What is the hyperlink for the study?	
Answer:	

Task 2: Who conducted the research for the study?

Answer:

Task 3: Identify and describe either the basic assumption of the researchers, or if it was an experiment, identify the hypothesis.

Answer:

Task 4: What were	e the 3 main con	clusions of the	study?
Answer:			
Task 5: If you were what questions we out? (Questions sl	ould you ask and	d what would ye	ou still want to find
Answer:			

Answers:

Task 1: What is the hyperlink for the study?

Answer: https://journals.plos.org/plosone/article?id=10.1371/journal.pone.0 300121

Task 2: Who conducted the research for the study?

Answer: Christian Rominger, Andreas Fink, Corinna M. Perchtold-Stefan

Task 3: Identify and describe either the basic assumption of the researchers, or if it was an experiment, identify the hypothesis.

Answer: to establish if there is a link between creativity and the perception of meaningful patterns in random arrangements, which is coined apophenia, patternicity, synchronicity, or the experience of meaningful coincidences

Task 4: What were the 3 main conclusions of the study?

Answer:

- 1. Studies showed that people who experienced more meaningful coincidences are also more often engaged in real-life creativity such as creative activities and creative achievements.
- 2. PA and NA are related to more perceived meaningful coincidences, predominantly at the level of the person.
- 3. Creative potential seems less strongly linked with the experience of meaningful coincidences as literature might have implicitly suggested.

Task 5: If you were to conduct another study based on this study, what questions would you ask and what would you still want to find out?

Answer: The answers will vary but should contain information from the study: "Although the novel findings presented here are in accordance with the assumption of a connection between the experience of meaning and creativity (e.g., [2,10]), we still do not know much about the mechanisms providing this robust link."

Performance Descriptors

Levels	Performance Descriptors	Needs Work	Completes task with support from practitioner	Completes task independently
A1.3	Integrates several pieces of information from texts			
A1.3	Manages unfamiliar elements (e.g. vocabulary, context, topic) to complete tasks			
A1.3	Identifies the purpose and relevance of texts			
A1.3	Skims to get the gist of longer texts			
A1.3	Infers meaning which is not explicit in texts			
A1.3	Uses organizational features, such as headings, to locate information			
A1.3	Obtains information from detailed reading			
A1.3	Identifies sources, evaluates, and integrates information			

Levels	Performance Descriptors	Needs Work	Completes task with support from practitioner	Completes task independently
B2.3	Writes texts to present information, summarize, express opinions, present arguments, convey ideas, or persuade			
B2.3	Manages unfamiliar elements (e.g. vocabulary, context, topic) to complete tasks.			
B2.3	Selects and uses vocabulary, tone, and structure appropriate to the task.			
B2.3	Organizes and sequences writing to communicate effectively			
D.1	Follows simple prompts			
D.1	Follows apparent steps to complete tasks			
D.1	Interprets brief text and icons			

Levels	Performance Descriptors	Needs Work	Completes task with support from practitioner	Completes task independently
D.1	Locates specific functions and information			
D.1	Begins to perform simple searches			

This task: Was successfully completed Ne	eds to be tried again
Learner Comments:	
Instructor (print):	Learner (print):

URLs

https://journals.plos.org/plosone/browse/psychology