Task Title: Math Measurement Test

Learner Name:					
Date Started:	Date Completed:				
Successful Completion: Yes No					
Goal Path: Employment √ Apprenticeship √	Secondary School v Post Secondary v Independence				
Task Description:					
In this task set, a learner is asked to complete an academic math test involving measurement and conversion					
(imperial to metric) as preparation for seconda	ry school math credit course.				
Competency:	Task Group(s):				
A: Find and Use Information	A1: Read continuous text				
C: Understand and Use Numbers	A2: Interpret Documents				
	C3: Use measures				
Level Indicators:					
A1.1: Read brief texts to locate specific details					
A2.1: Interpret very simple document to locate specific details					
C3.1: Measure and make simple comparisons	and calculations				
C3.2: Use measures to make one-step calculations					
Performance Descriptors: see chart on last page					
Materials Required:					
Question Sheet					
Calculator					
• 3 inch Bolt					
Desk or table in your classroom					
 Measuring Tape (one used in sewing) with metric and imperial measurements 					
Tape Measure (retractable metal one) with metric and imperial measurements					
Conversion formulas for imperial to metric measures (optional if you do not have measuring tape &					
tape measure with both systems on each) - # of Centimetres x 0.39^* = Inches and # of Inches x 2.54 =					
Centimetres					

Instructor Preparation: Review the Tasks on the Question Sheet. Be sure to pre-measure the desk before the learner works on the task set, so you can have the answer to help the learner prepare with skill-building activities.

Task Title: Math Measurement Test – Converting Imperial and Metric Measures

1. A machinist needs to measure the length of a bolt to make sure it does not show on the underside of a piece of furniture. Using the tape measure, measure the bolt provided twice, using metric and imperial.

Length of bolt = _____ (metric) Length of bolt = _____ (imperial)

2. Measure the height, width and length of a desk in the room are currently sitting in. Using the tape measure, measure the desk twice using both forms of measurement (metric and imperial).

Length = _____ Width = _____ Height = _____ (metric) Length = _____ Width = _____ Height = _____ (imperial)

3. Rafael is renting a pair of skis that are 209 cm long Write the length of the skis as a decimal number of metres or as metres and centimetres.

Length in metres: _____

4. Pablo measured his ski pole to be 1.15m long. Write this length as centimetres.

Length in centimetres: _____

5. Mary is buying a gold chain. She needs to measure it to make sure it is the right length for herself (comfortable for around her neck and reaching mid-chest). Using the measuring tape, measure the length on yourself, using metric and imperial.

Length of chain = _____ (metric) Length of chain = _____ (imperial)

6. Julio has two lengths of copper tubing. One is 6ft. 3in. long and the other is 2ft. 10 in. long. What is the combined length of the copper tubing? What would that measurement be in metric measure?

Combined Length of tubing = _____ (imperial) Combined Length of tubing = _____ (metric)

7. Stephanie used a metric ruler to measure two tables. The larger table is 73cm 2mm wide. The smaller table is 62cm 9mm wide. Stephanie needs to fit the two tables together and wants to find the combined width of the tables. What would that measurement be in metric measure?

Width of tables = _____ (metric) Width of tables = _____ (imperial)

ANSWER SHEET Task Title: Math Measurement Test – Converting Imperial and Metric Measures

- A machinist needs to measure the length of a bolt to make sure it does not show on the underside of a piece of furniture. Measure the bolt provided twice, using metric and imperial. Length of bolt = 7.62 cm (metric)
 Length of bolt = 3 inches (imperial)
- 2. Measure the height, width and length of the desk in your room. Once again, use both forms of measurement.

Note to Instructor: Pre-measure a desk in the classroom to determine the correct answers. Tell the learner which desk to measure in the classroom.

 Length = ______
 Width = ______
 Height = ______ (metric)

 Length = ______
 Width = ______
 Height = ______ (imperial)

3. Rafael is renting a pair of skis that are 209 cm long. How can he write this length as a decimal number of metres or as metres and centimetres?

Length in metres: 2.09 metres or 2 metres 9 centimetres (2 m 9 cm)

- Pablo measured his ski pole to be 1.15m long. How does he write this length as a number of centimetres? Length in centimetres: 115 centimetres
- 5. Mary is buying a gold chain. She needs to measure it to make sure it is the right length for herself (comfortable for around her neck and reaching mid-chest). Using the measuring tape, measure the length, using metric and imperial.

Note to Instructor: This length will vary according to the learner's size of neck and preference for necklace length.

Length of chain =(metric)Length of chain =(imperial)6. Julio has two lengths of copper tubing. One is 6ft. 3in. long and the other is 2ft. 10 in. long. What is the
combined length of the copper tubing in inches? What would that measurement be in metric measure?

Combined Length of tubing = 109 inches (imperial)

Decide to convert both measurements into inches.

6 ft = 72 inches + 3 inches = **75 inches**

2 ft – 24 inches + 10 inches = **34 inches**

75 inches + 34 inches = 109 inches

Combined Length of tubing = 276.86 centimetres (metric)

7. Stephanie used a metric ruler to measure two tables. The larger table is 73cm 2mm wide. The smaller table is 62cm 9mm wide. Stephanie needs to fit the two tables together and wants to find the combined width of the tables. What would that measurement be in metric measure?

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Width of tables = 136.1 cm (metric)
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Decide to convert both measurements into mm (millimetres).

73 cm = 730 mm + 2 mm = **732 mm**

62 cm = 620 mm + 9 mm = **629 mm**

732 mm + 629 mm = **1361 mm or 136.1 cm**

Width of tables = 53.08 inches (imperial)

	Performance Descriptors	Needs Work	Completes task with support from practitioner	Completes task independently
A1.1	 reads short texts to locate a single piece of information 			
	 decodes words and makes meaning of sentences in a single text 			
	 follows the sequence of events in straightforward chronological texts 			
	follow simple, straightforward instructional texts			
	identifies the main idea in brief texts			
A2.1	scans to locate specific details			
	interprets brief text and common symbols			
	 locates specific details in simple documents, such as labels and signs 			
	 identifies how lists are organized (e.g. sequential, chronological, alphabetical) 			
	 requires support to identify sources and to evaluate and integrate information 			
C 3.1	Adds, subtracts whole numbers measurements			
	Recognizes values in number and word format			
	Understands numerical order			
	Makes simple estimates			
	Chooses appropriate units			
	Identifies and performs required operation			
	 Interprets and represents measures using whole numbers, decimals and simple, common fractions 			
	Follows apparent steps to reach solutions			

	Rounds to the nearest whole unit	
	Uses strategies to check accuracy	
C3.2	 Calculates using numbers expressed as whole numbers, fractions, decimals, percentages and integers 	
	Makes estimates	
	Understands ration and proportion	
	 Converts units of measurement within the same system and between systems 	
	 Chooses and performs required operations, may make inferences to identify required operations 	
	Selects appropriate steps to solutions	
	 Interprets, represents and converts measures using whole numbers, decimals, percentages, ratios and simple, common fractions 	
	Uses strategies to check	

 This task:
 was successfully completed____
 needs to be tried again____

Learner Comments

Instructor (print)

Learner Signature